

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Bradex Easy Start

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Bradex Easy Start

Product number BES1A

Internal identification PA013L

UFI: PM6E-N0Q1-1000-C4ES

EU REACH registration notes This is a MIXTURE; no registration information contained in this document. Holts are classed

as Downstream User.

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Car maintenance product.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Holt Lloyd Services

52 Rue des 40 Mines, 60000 - Allonne, France

Phone: +33 (0)3 64 99 00 32

info@holtsauto.com

Contact person Contact email address: info@holtsauto.com

Manufacturer Holt Lloyd International Ltd

Barton Dock Road

Stretford Manchester

M32 0YQ - England, UK +44 (0) 161 866 4800 FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854

www.holtsauto.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs

# **Bradex Easy Start**

National emergency telephone +43 1 31304 5620; chemikalien@umweltbundesamt.at (Austria)

number +32022649636; info@poisoncentre.be (Belgium)

+359 2 9154 409; poison\_centre@mail.orbitel.bg (Bulgaria)

+38514686910; toksikologija@hziz.hr (Croatia)

+35722405611; cy-chemregistry@dli.mlsi.gov.cy (Cyprus) +420267082257; biocidy@mzcr.cz (Czech Republic)

+45 72 54 40 00; mst@mst.dk (Denmark)

+372 794 3500; clp@terviseamet.ee, info@terviseamet.ee (Estonia)

+358 5052 000; kirjaamo@tukes.fi (Finland) + 33 3 83 85 21 92; bnpc@chru-nancy.fr (France) +49-30-18412-0; bfr@bfr.bund.de (Germany)

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+44 121 507 4123; allistervale@npis.org, sallybradberry@npis.org (UK)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

# 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms





Signal word

Danger

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.

UFI: PM6E-N0Q1-1000-C4ES

Contains DIETHYL ETHER, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER,

**ACETONE** 

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

## 2.3. Other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

DIETHYL ETHER 25-50%

CAS number: 60-29-7 EC number: 200-467-2

Classification

Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT SE 3 - H336

BUTANE 10-25%

CAS number: 106-97-8 EC number: 203-448-7

Classification

Flam. Gas 1A - H220

Press. Gas

# **Bradex Easy Start**

PROPANE 5-10%

CAS number: 74-98-6 EC number: 200-827-9

Classification

Flam. Gas 1A - H220

ISOBUTANE 5-10%

CAS number: 75-28-5 EC number: 200-857-2

Classification

Flam. Gas 1A - H220

Press. Gas

Naphtha (petroleum),hydrotreated light 1-5%

CAS number: 64742-49-0 EC number: 931-254-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER 1-5%

CAS number: 108-20-3 EC number: 203-560-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 STOT SE 3 - H336

ACETONE 1-5%

1-5%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY

NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

CAS number: 64742-52-5 EC number: 265-155-0

Classification

Not Classified

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get

medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

**Inhalation** Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Overexposure to organic

solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at

very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.

**Skin contact** May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Oxides of carbon.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire

exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Avoid release to

the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots,

clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Leave small quantities to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of

explosion. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and

eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air

contamination is above an acceptable level.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Storage class Aerosol containers and lighters

7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

## **DIETHYL ETHER**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## **BUTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## **ISOBUTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 800 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 800 ppm

# **DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 250 ppm 1060 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 310 ppm 1310 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

# **ACETONE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

## DIETHYL ETHER (CAS: 60-29-7)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 308 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 616 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg bw/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 54.5 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 15.6 mg/kg bw/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15.6 mg/kg bw/day

# **Bradex Easy Start**

PNEC Fresh water; 2 mg/l

marine water; 0.2 mg/l

STP; 4.2 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 9.14 mg/kg sediment dry weight Sediment (Marinewater); 0.914 mg/kg sediment dry weight

Soil; 0.66 mg/kg soil dry weight

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS: 64742-49-0)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1286.4 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 837.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 1066.67 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1152 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 178.57 mg/m³

## DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER (CAS: 108-20-3)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 850 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 1700 mg/m³
Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 121.4 mg/kg bw/day
General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 151 mg/m³
General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 302 mg/m³
General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 43.1 mg/kg bw/day
General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 43.1 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC Fresh water; 0.19 mg/l

marine water; 0.019 mg/l

STP; 37 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 2.79 mg/kg sediment dry weight Sediment (Marinewater); 0.28 mg/kg sediment dry weight

Soil; 0.47 mg/kg soil dry weight

## **ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)**

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³

PNEC Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

marine water; 1.06 mg/l Intermittent release; 21 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

Soil; 29.5 mg/kg STP; 100 mg/l

#### DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U (CAS: 64742-52-5)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.73 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 5.58 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.97 mg/kg bw/day

# **Bradex Easy Start**

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any

occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

**Eye/face protection** No specific eye protection noted, but may be required anyway.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, wear

gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash hands after handling.

**Respiratory protection** No specific recommendations.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to

local and national provisions.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Aerosol.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Organic solvents.

Flash point -38°C

Auto-ignition temperature 180°C

9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides

**products** of carbon.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Toxicological effects** Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Harmful if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 1,857.36

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

**Inhalation** Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea. Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness

and death.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.

**Skin contact** May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**Eye contact** May be slightly irritating to eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### **DIETHYL ETHER**

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

1,200.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅o

mg/kg)

20,000.0

Species Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

97.0

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

Species Mouse

ATE inhalation (vapours

97.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Negative.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Negative.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** No information required.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 430 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 500

ppm, Oral, Rat Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 80 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rabbit

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**STOT - single exposure** Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

**BUTANE** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

**PROPANE** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

**ISOBUTANE** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,000.0

**Species** Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> > 16750 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> 3350 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) LC50 259354 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**Respiratory sensitisation** No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. NOAEC 31680

mg/m³, Inhalation, Mouse

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEC 31680 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat F1, F2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

.

**Inhalation** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Ingestion** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Skin contact** May be slightly irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** May be slightly irritating to eyes.

**DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> 4600 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50 64000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Monkey

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1 One-generation

study - NOAEC 3560 mg/m3, Inhalation, Rat F0

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 1800 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat No evidence of reproductive toxicity

in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

**ACETONE** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,800.0

**Species** 

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 7,400.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

76.0

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

**Species** Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**Respiratory sensitisation** No information available.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Negative.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Negative.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage. Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) LD₅o > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) LC50 > 5 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** No information available.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Negative.

# **Bradex Easy Start**

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Negative.

Carcinogenicity

fertility

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F0 This substance has

no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Reproductive toxicity - development

Maternal toxicity: - LOAEL: 125 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 2000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **DIETHYL ETHER**

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 2840 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 2560 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 14 days: 2138 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

LC₅o, 96 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Menidia peninsulae (Tidewater silverside)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

 $EC_{50}$ , 24 hours: 165 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

NOEC, 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity - EC<sub>50</sub>, 5 minutes: 3536 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida

microorganisms EC<sub>50</sub>, 15 minutes: 5620 mg/l, Photobacterium phosphoreum luminescence inhibition

study

IC₅o, 15 hours: 17000 mg/l, Activated sludge

**Chronic aquatic toxicity** 

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LOEC, 21 days: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 18.27 mg/l, QSAR

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 31.9 mg/l, QSAR

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EL50, 72 hours: 13.56 mg/l, QSAR

Acute toxicity -

EL50, 48 hours: 15.81 mg/l, QSAR

microorganisms

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOELR, 28 days: 4.089 mg/l, QSAR

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOELR, 21 days: 7.138 mg/l, QSAR

# **DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER**

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 402 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 190 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

EC10, NOEC, 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Acute toxicity -EC<sub>50</sub>, 3 hours: 2249 mg/l, Activated sludge

EC10, NOEC, 3 hours: 370 mg/l, Activated sludge microorganisms

#### **ACETONE**

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 11000 mg/l, Marinewater fish

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 8300 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 7200 mg/l, Algae NOEC, 96 hours: 430 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity microorganisms EC10, NOEC, 30 minutes: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 100-1000 µg/cm2, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - terrestrial

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

# DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

NOEL, 96 hours: 100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

# **Bradex Easy Start**

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 48 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna NOEL, 48 hours: 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Gammarus pulex NOEL, 96 hours: 10000 mg/l, Gammarus pulex

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

NOEL, 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

NOEL, 4 days: > 1.93 mg/l, Photobacterium phosphoreum luminescence inhibition

study

Read-across data.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEL, 21 days: 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ecological information on ingredients.

# DIETHYL ETHER

Persistence and

degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Persistence and

degradability

98% 28 days Rapidly degradable

# **DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER**

Persistence and

degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

# **ACETONE**

Persistence and

degradability

90 +/- 2.2%; 28 days Rapidly degradable

**Stability (hydrolysis)** The substance is readily biodegradable.

# DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ecological information on ingredients.

## **DIETHYL ETHER**

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.05

# DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.4

# **Bradex Easy Start**

#### **ACETONE**

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

# DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **DIETHYL ETHER**

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

## **DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER**

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

# **ACETONE**

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

# DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC; BASEOIL - U

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion.

Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or

watercourses.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1950

# **Bradex Easy Start**

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950 UN No. (ADN) 1950

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

**AEROSOLS** 

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

#### Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009

No. 716).

Authorisations (SI 2020 No.

1577 Annex XIV)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (SI 2020 No.

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

1577 Annex XVII)

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

# **Bradex Easy Start**

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.

UVCB - Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or Biological materials.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Calculation method. Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Calculation method. STOT

SE 3 - H336: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: Calculation method.

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Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.