



Prestone



SAFETY DATA SHEET Simoniz White Primer

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	Simoniz White Primer
Product number	SIMP12D
UFI	UFI: VJMA-413D-U000-WOSS
REACH registration notes	This is a MIXTURE; no registration information contained in this document. Holts are classed as Downstream User.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Car maintenance product. Primer.
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1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Holt Lloyd Services 52 Rue des 40 Mines, 60000 – Allonne, France Phone: +33 (0)3 64 99 00 32 info@holtsauto.com
Contact person	Contact email address: info@holtsauto.com
Manufacturer	Holt Lloyd International Ltd Barton Dock Road Stretford Manchester M32 0YQ - England, UK +44 (0) 161 866 4800 FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854 www.holtsauto.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs
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National emergency telephone number +43 1 31304 5620; chemikalien@umweltbundesamt.at (Austria)
 +32022649636; info@poisoncentre.be (Belgium)
 +359 2 9154 409; poison_centre@mail.orbitel.bg (Bulgaria)
 +38514686910; toksikologija@hzjz.hr (Croatia)
 +35722405611; cy-chemregistry@dli.mlsi.gov.cy (Cyprus)
 +420267082257; biocidy@mzcr.cz (Czech Republic)
 +45 72 54 40 00; mst@mst.dk (Denmark)
 +372 794 3500; clp@terviseamet.ee, info@terviseamet.ee (Estonia)
 +358 5052 000; kirjaamo@tukes.fi (Finland)
 + 33 3 83 85 21 92; bnpc@chru-nancy.fr (France)
 +49-30-18412-0; bfr@bfr.bund.de (Germany)
 +302106479250; +302106479450; devxp.gcs@aade.gr, environment.gcs@aade.gr (Greece)
 +36 (1) 476 1135; clp.ca@nnk.gov.hu (Hungary)
 +354 543 22 22; eitur@landspitali.is (Iceland)
 +353 (1) 809 2166 / +353 (1) 809 2566; chemicalsinfo@beaumont.ie (Ireland)
 +390649906140; inscweb@iss.it (Italy)
 +371 67032600; lvgmc@lvgmc.lv (Latvia)
 +370 70662008; aaa@aaa.am.lt (Lithuania)
 +320 22649636; +352 24785551; info@poisoncentre.be; direction-sante@ms.etat.lu (Luxembourg)
 +356 2395 2000; info@mccaa.org.mt (Malta)
 +31 88 75 585 61; productnotificatie@umcutrecht.nl (The Netherlands)
 +4573580500; produktregisteret@miljodir.no / +47 21 07 70 00; folkehelseinstituttet@fhi.no (Norway)
 +48 42 2538 400; biuro@chemikalia.gov.pl (Poland)
 +351 800 250 250; ciav.tox@inem.pt (Portugal)
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 +421 2 5465 2307; ntic@ntic.sk (Slovakia)
 + 386 1 522 1293; gp.ukc@kclj.si (Slovenia)
 +34 917689800; intcf.doc@justicia.es (Spain)
 +46104566750; giftinformation@gic.se (Sweden)
 +44 121 507 4123; allistervale@npis.org, sallybradberry@npis.org (UK)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

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Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
UFI	UFI: VJMA-413D-U000-W0SS
Contains	ACETONE, n-BUTYL ACETATE, n-BUTANOL, PROPAN-2-OL
Supplementary precautionary statements	P273 Avoid release to the environment. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

ACETONE		30-60%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	REACH registration number: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
BUTANE		10-30%
CAS number: 106-97-8	EC number: 203-448-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119474691-32-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1A - H220		
Press. Gas		

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n-BUTYL ACETATE 10-30%		
CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-658-1	REACH registration number: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336		
ISOBUTANE 5-10%		
CAS number: 75-28-5	EC number: 200-857-2	REACH registration number: 01-2119485395-27-XXXX
Classification Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE 5-10%		
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	REACH registration number: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
n-BUTANOL 1-5%		
CAS number: 71-36-3	EC number: 200-751-6	REACH registration number: 01-2119484630-38-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336		
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE) 1-5%		
CAS number: 7779-90-0	EC number: 231-944-3	REACH registration number: 01-2119485044-40-XXXX
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

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PROPAN-2-OL		1-5%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
XYLENE		<1%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Not relevant.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	If liquid has entered the eyes, proceed as follows. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact causes serious eye and tissue damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Risk of explosion if heated. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level.
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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Storage class	Flammable compressed gas storage. Aerosol containers and lighters

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

BUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

n-BUTYL ACETATE

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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m³

ISOBUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 800 ppm

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 800 ppm

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 274 mg/m³(Sk)

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 548 mg/m³(Sk)

n-BUTANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 154 mg/m³(Sk)

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³

Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³

PNEC

Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

marine water; 1.06 mg/l

Intermittent release; 21 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg

Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

Soil; 29.5 mg/kg

STP; 100 mg/l

n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS: 123-86-4)

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DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/m ³
	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 600 mg/m ³
	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 300 mg/m ³
	Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 600 mg/m ³
	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg bw/day
	General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 35.7 mg/m ³
	General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 300 mg/m ³
	General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35.7 mg/m ³
	General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 300 mg/m ³
	General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg bw/day
	General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg bw/day
	General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2 mg/kg bw/day
General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg bw/day	
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.18 mg/l
	marine water; 0.018 mg/l
	STP; 35.6 mg/l
	Sediment (Freshwater); 0.981 mg/kg sediment dry weight
	Sediment (Marinewater); 0.098 mg/kg sediment dry weight
	Soil; 0.09 mg/kg soil dry weight

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m ³
	Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 550 mg/m ³
	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 796 mg/kg bw/day
	General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m ³
	General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 33 mg/m ³
	General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 320 mg/kg bw/day
General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 36 mg/kg bw/day	
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l
	marine water; 0.064 mg/l
	STP; 100 mg/l
	Sediment (Freshwater); 3.29 mg/kg sediment dry weight
	Sediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg sediment dry weight
	Soil; 0.29 mg/kg soil dry weight

n-BUTANOL (CAS: 71-36-3)

DNEL	Workers - irritation (respiratory tract); Long term local effects: 310 mg/m ³
	General population - irritation (respiratory tract); Long term systemic effects: 55.357 mg/m ³
	General population - irritation (respiratory tract); Long term local effects: 155 mg/m ³
	General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 3.125 mg/kg/day
General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.562 mg/kg/day	
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.082 mg/l
	Fresh water, Intermittent release; 2.25 mg/l
	marine water; 0.008 mg/l
	STP; 2476 mg/l
	Sediment (Freshwater); 0.324 mg/kg
	Sediment (Marinewater); 0.032 mg/kg
Soil; 0.017 mg/kg	

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PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m³
 Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day
 General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m³
 General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day
 General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day

PNEC Fresh water; Long term 140.9 mg/l
 marine water; Long term 140.9 mg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); Long term 552 mg/kg sediment dry weight
 Sediment (Marinewater); Long term 552 mg/kg sediment dry weight
 Soil; Long term 28 mg/kg soil dry weight

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE) (CAS: 7779-90-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5 mg/m³
 Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 83 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Hazard for the eyes
 no hazard identified
 General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.5 mg/m³
 General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 83 mg/kg/day
 General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.83 mg/kg/day
 General Population - Hazard for the eyes
 no hazard identified

PNEC Fresh water; 20.6 µg/l
 marine water; 6.1 µg/l
 STP; 100 µg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); 117.8 mg/kg sediment dry weight
 Sediment (Marinewater); 56.5 mg/kg sediment dry weight
 Soil; 35.6 mg/kg soil dry weight

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 174 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 174 mg/m³
 Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m³
 Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m³
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield.

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Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Rubber (natural, latex). To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	White.
Odour	Acetone. Ketonic.
pH	Not relevant.
Flash point	< 15°C Closed cup.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 4.8 Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.5
Relative density	0.916 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water.

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 727.7 g/l. EU: (cat B/c): 780 g/l .
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not applicable.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid smoke or fumes. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 12,196.48

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

Inhalation Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact causes serious eye and tissue damage.

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Toxicological information on ingredients.

ACETONE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,800.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 7,400.0

Species Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 76.0

Species Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity - development No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage. Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

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Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

BUTANE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

PROPANE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,000.0

ISOBUTANE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,000.0

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC0 8100 mg/m³, 4 hours, Vapour Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Negative.

Carcinogenicity

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Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant.

n-BUTANOL

<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u>	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 2292 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 3430 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	LC0 17760 mg/m ³ , Inhalation, Rat
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No adverse effects observed (negative)
Genotoxicity - in vivo	No adverse effects observed (negative)
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	No specific test data are available.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P Fertility - NOAEC 6189 mg/m ³ , Inhalation, Rat P Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

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Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 1454 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10800 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 5.7 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation No adverse effect observed (not irritating)

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation No adverse effect observed (not irritating)

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No specific test data are available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No adverse effects observed (not sensitising)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No adverse effects observed (negative)

Genotoxicity - in vivo No adverse effects observed (negative)

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL > 22000 mg/l, Oral, Mouse No adverse effects observed. No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility - NOAEL 20 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,045.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,045.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 12,800.0

Species Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 20.0

Species Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Does not contain any substances known to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

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STOT - single exposure Brain damage. Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

XYLENE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 3,523.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,523.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 2,000.0

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 29,000.0

Species Rat

Species Human

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

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Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish No information available.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Not available.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Not available.

Acute toxicity - microorganisms Not available.

Acute toxicity - terrestrial Not available.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage Not available.

Short term toxicity - embryo and sac fry stages Not available.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ACETONE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 11000 mg/l, Marinewater fish
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 8300 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7200 mg/l, Algae
NOEC, 96 hours: 430 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC10, NOEC, 30 minutes: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

Acute toxicity - terrestrial LC₅₀, 48 hours: 100-1000 µg/cm², Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 100-180 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow),
Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout), Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 408-500 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

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Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage LC₅₀, 14 days: 63.5 mg/l, *Oryzias latipes* (Red killifish)
NOEC, 14 days: 47.5 mg/l, *Oryzias latipes* (Red killifish)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 21 days: > 100 mg/l, *Daphnia magna*

n-BUTANOL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 1376 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1328 mg/l, *Daphnia magna*

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 96 hours: 225 mg/l, *Selenastrum capricornutum*

Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC₁₀, 17 hours: 2476 mg/l, *Pseudomonas putida*

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 21 days: 4.1 mg/l, *Daphnia magna*

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C₅₀ ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 169 µg/l, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 780 (@ pH 6-6.5) µg/l, *Pimephales promelas* (Fat-head Minnow)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 330 (@ pH 7-7.5) µg/l, *Pimephales promelas* (Fat-head Minnow)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 500 (@ pH 8-8.5) µg/l, *Pimephales promelas* (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.413 (low pH, low hardness) mg/l, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*
EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 0.53 (low pH, high hardness) mg/l, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*
EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.147 (neutral/high pH, low hardness) mg/l, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*
EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.228 (neutral/high pH, high hardness) mg/l, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 3 days: 150 µg/l, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*
NOEC, 3 days: 50 µg/l, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*
EC₁₀, 7 days: 7.1-48 (marine) µg/l, red macroalga *Ceramium tenuicore*

Acute toxicity - microorganisms IC₂₀, 4 hours: 0.16 mg/l, Activated sludge
IC₅₀, 4 hours: 0.35 mg/l, Activated sludge
NOEC, 4 hours: 0.1 mg/l, Activated sludge

Acute toxicity - terrestrial EC₁₀, 42 days: 35.7 mg/kg, *Enchytraeus albidus*
NOEC, 42 days: 1634 mg/kg, *Lumbricus terrestris*

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOEC, : 0.044 - 0.53 mg/l,
REACH Dossier information

Simoniz White Primer

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, : 0.0056 - 0.9 mg/l,
NOEC, : 0.037 - 0.4 (marine) mg/l,
REACH Dossier information

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 24 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 7 days: 180 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

XYLENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 13.5 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 7.4 hours: 48 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 72 hours: 1-10 mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ACETONE

Persistence and degradability 90 +/- 2.2%; 28 days Rapidly degradable

Stability (hydrolysis) The substance is readily biodegradable.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Persistence and degradability Rapidly degradable

n-BUTANOL

Persistence and degradability Rapidly degradable

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Persistence and degradability The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

PROPAN-2-OL

Persistence and degradability Rapidly degradable

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XYLENE

Biodegradation The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ACETONE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Bioaccumulative potential No potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.56

n-BUTANOL

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient 1.0 @ 25 deg C

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Bioaccumulative potential Not relevant.

PROPAN-2-OL

Bioaccumulative potential No potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.05

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product is soluble in water. The product hardens to a solid, immobile substance.

Ecological information on ingredients.

n-BUTANOL

Adsorption/desorption coefficient - Koc: 3.471 @ 20°C

PROPAN-2-OL

Mobility Mobile.

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ACETONE

Simoniz White Primer

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

n-BUTANOL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not relevant.

PROPAN-2-OL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General Refer to the Dangerous Goods List for information on any Special Provisions 190, 327, 344, 625.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (ADN) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Simoniz White Primer

ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	5F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Authorisations (Annex XIV Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

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No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.
NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
UVCB - Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or Biological materials.
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

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Revision	4
Supersedes date	15/07/2021
SDS number	15032

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Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.